

# Paleobiodiversity of the Vrachanska Planina Mountains in the Villafranchian: a case study of the Varshets (Dolno Ozirovo) Early Pleistocene locality of fossil fauna and flora

ZLATOZAR BOEV

**Abstract.** The paper summarizes all data on the fossil biota established from the richest Bulgarian paleontological site. Data for a total of 166 taxa (ca. 7000 identifiable findings) of higher plants and invertebrate and vertebrate animals are presented. Their importance to the science and the paleoecology of the SE Europe is discussed. Records: Magnoliophyta (2 orders, 3 families, 5 taxa), Mollusca (1 order, 2 taxa), Amphibia (2 orders, 5 families, 10 taxa), Reptilia (2 orders, 8 (9) families, 13 taxa), Aves (10 orders, 22 families, 66 taxa), Mammalia (8 orders, 19 families, 70 taxa). Number of new taxa, described from the site: 1 species and 4 subspecies of trees and shrubs (flowering plants), 17 birds (1 genus, 16 species) and 2 mammals. A forest-steppe savannah-like landscape dominated about 2.25 mya in the region of the site.

**Key words:** Early Pleistocene fauna; Villafranchian biota; Biodiversity; Paleofauna, Fossil birds; Bulgaria; Balkans.

Bulgaria as a country at the crossroads of three continents (Europe, Asia and Africa), located in a region between the four seas (Black, Marmara, Aegean and Adriatic). It is a unique area in terms of paleozoogeography and paleoecology. The country has revealed unique paleontological localities and the locality near Varshets heads the row. At least 102 species of vertebrates from the Early Pleistocene (Middle Villafranchian, 2.25 million years ago) have been found so far there. They represent a unique fauna, so far unknown anywhere in the world. With this diversity, the site ranks first among the sites of that type and age in the world.

The Varshets (Dolno Ozirovo) Early Pleistocene locality of fossil fauna and flora is located in the northwestern foothills of the Vrachanska Mountain. It was discovered in 1987 and until 2015 a considerable number of taxa have been identified (Table 1): 1 species and 4 subspecies of trees and shrubs (flowering plants), 16 birds and 2 mammals. One hundred and sixteen taxa have been recorded for the first time for Bulgaria: 5 plants, 10 amphibians, 6 reptiles, 36 birds and 59 mammals.

For a period of 20 years (1995-2015) over 7000 identifiable bone/teeth remains and snail shells and plant seeds have been collected. Among them the absolute dominant is a pardgige-like bird (new genus and species) - *Chauvireria* Boev, 1997 (Partridge of Cécile Mourer-Chauviré), a small phasianid, sized between modern quail and grey partridge, consisting of at least 16.44 % of the collected material (Table 1). The most complete list of the avifauna of the locality has been published by Boev (2007), although a series new taxa have been described since (Table. 1).

Furthermore, new records for the country are some fossil species described by other areas of Europe: partial grouse (*Tetrao partium*), Hozatski's bustard (*Otis khosatzkii*), Beremend Swift (*Apus baranensis*), as well as a kind of a large predatory mammal - megantereon (*Megantereon cultridens*) – mid-sized representative of the family of the saber-toothed felids. Also the site provides the first records of the European jaguar (*Panthera gombaszogensis*) and the giant cheetah (*Acinonyx pardinensis*), as well as over 50 other species of mammals. It is notable that 17 carnivore mammals (over 10 % of the taxa identified) have been recorded in the site. In addition, two new species have been described here among mammals - the small carnivorous (mustelid) mammal Balkan baranogale (*Baranogale balcanica*) and the primitive bank vole (*Clethrionomys primitivus*). Diurnal (and nocturnal) avian raptors (8 taxa) are also well presented.

The composition of the paleoavifauna of Varshets allows to formulate the hypothesis of the savannah, not the boreal forest origin of a whole family of birds - grouses (Tetraonidae) (Boev, 1995a). In the site once coexisted Rock Ptarmigan and bustards – an association which was unknown. Unique is the coexistence of the “openland”/savannah (rhinoceros, cheetahs, horses, antelopes) and “woodland”/ forest (deer, bears, jaguars, lynxes) species of large mammals. Similar is the faunal diversity of birds: The “woodland” hawfinches, bullfinches, chaffinches, woodlarks, and tits, coexisted with the “openland” bustards, ptarmigans, goldfinches, skylarks and crested larks. That is why the locality of Varshets provides best example for the s. c. “mixed” faunas in the Villafranchian. Such a faunal diversity (coexistence) is unknown among all the modern faunas of Europe, Asia and elsewhere.

The most numerous of all bone remains are the small mammals (soricomorph, erinaceomorph, rodents and lagomorphs), followed by those of birds (mainly those of Perdicinae subfamily). Most diverse are the remains of mammals (70 taxa), followed by birds (66 taxa). Among birds, the features of the bone morphology of the starling, magpie, etc. suggests new species also.

The five established (trees and shrubs) – Prebalkan hackberry (*Celtis praebalcanica*), and new hitherto unknown fossil forms of 4 species of shrubs (1) Steppe cherry (*Prunus fruticosa*), (2) Small-flowered black hawthorn (*Crataegus pentagyna*), (3) Scarlet firethorn (*Pyracantha coccinea*) and (4) Blood-twigs dogwood (*Swida* [present *Cornus*] *sanguinea*) have been classified by Prof. Emanuil Palamarev as hemixerophytes (Palamarev, 2004). This excellently completes the faunal variety in small and large mammals, birds, and even reptiles and amphibians.

General habitat preferences of the established species (Table 2), “openland”, “woodland”, intrazonal “rock”, and “aquatic” habitats, surprisingly shows an almost equal representation of the former two (openland and woodland) habitats, followed by three to four times less represented s. c. “intrazonal” habitats (rock or aquatic) ones. Thus, the established land fauna and flora shows that forest-steppe landscape, similar to the modern African savannah forest once prevailed in the area (Boev, 1995b; 1999g; 2013a). Obviously, the climate was warmer and drier than today. The present-day climate of the Vrachanska Mnt. is much more temperate-continental and the dominant landscapes are much less plain and open as 2.25 mya ago.

**Table 1.** Taxonomic list of the fossil plants and animals found in the Early Pleistocene locality near Varshtets.

No	Scientific name	English name	Number of finds	New taxon of science	New taxon for the fossil record of Bulgaria	Source
<b>PLANTAE Haeckel, 1866</b>						
<b>MAGNOLIOPHYTA Cronq., Takht. &amp; W. Zimm., 1966</b>						
<b>ROSALES Perleb (1826)</b>						
1	<i>Celtis praebalcanica</i> Palamarev, 2004	Prebalkan hackberry		60	+	Palamarev (2004)
<b>Rosaceae Jussieu (1789)</b>						
2	<i>Prunus fruticosa</i> Pallas, 1784 <i>fossiliis</i> Palamarev, 2004	Fossil European dwarf cherry		2	+	Palamarev (2004)
3	<i>Crataegus pentagyna</i> Waldst. & Kit. ex Willdenow, 1800 <i>fossiliis</i> Palamarev, 2004	Fossil small-flowered hawthorn	black	2	+	Palamarev (2004)
4	<i>Pyracantha coccinea</i> Roemer, 1847 <i>fossiliis</i> Palamarev, 2004	Fossil scarlet firethorn		6	+	Palamarev (2004)
<b>CORNALES Dumort. (1829)</b>						
<b>Cornaceae Bercht. &amp; J. Presl (1825)</b>						
5	<i>Swida sanguinea</i> Linnaeus (1753) <i>fossiliis</i> Palamarev, 2004	Fossil blood-twigs dogwood		2	+	Palamarev (2004)
<b>Subtotal: 72<sup>1</sup></b>						

<sup>1</sup> The number of the collected seeds of *Celtis praebalcanica* exceeds 350 (Boev, 1999).

			<b>ANIMALIA Linnaeus, 1758</b>
			<b>MOLLUSCA Linnaeus, 1758</b>
			<b>GASTROPODA Cuvier, 1795</b>
6	Gastropoda terrestria indet. - 1	Land snail - 1	>3
7	Gastropoda terrestria indet. - 2	Land snail - 2	>3
			<b>Subtotal: &gt;6</b>
			<b>CHORDATA Haeckel, 1874[1][1]</b>
			<b>AMPHIBIA Blainville, 1816</b>
			<b>CAUDATA Fischer von Waldheim, 1813</b>
			<b>Salamandridae Goldfuss, 1820</b>
8	Triturus Rafinesque, 1815 sp.	Crested newt	+
9	Salamandridae sp. indet.	Salamanders/Newts	+
10	Lissotriton Bell, 1839 sp.	(Newt)	+
			<b>ANURA Fischer von Waldheim, 1813</b>
			<b>Palaeobatrachidae Cope, 1865</b>
11	Palaeobatrachidae sp. indet.	(Paleobatrachid)	+
12	Eopelobates Parker, 1929 sp.	(Eopelobates)	+
13	Pelophylax Fitzinger, 1843 sp.	Water Frog	~
			<b>Ranidae Batsch 1796</b>
			M. Böhme – unpubl. data

14	<i>Rana temporaria</i> Linnaeus, 1758	Common frog	~	+	M. Böhme – unpubl. data
15	<i>Rana cf. graeca</i> Boulenger, 1891	Greek stream frog	~	+	M. Böhme – unpubl. data
<b>Bufoidae Gray, 1825</b>					
16	<i>Bufo</i> cf. <i>bufo</i> (Linnaeus, 1758)	Common toad		+	M. Böhme – unpubl. data
17	<i>Bufo viridis</i> (Laurenti, 1768)	European green Toad		+	M. Böhme – unpubl. data
<b>Subtotal: &gt; 500</b>					
<b>REPTILIA Laurenti, 1768</b>					
<b>SQUAMATA Oppel, 1811</b>					
<b>Scincidae Gray, 1825</b>					
18	<i>Mabuya</i> ( <i>Trachylepis</i> cf. <i>aurata</i> (Linnaeus, 1758))	Golden grass mabuya		+	M. Böhme – unpubl. data
19	<i>Mabuya</i> Fitzinger, 1826 sp.	Mabuya		+	M. Böhme – unpubl. data
<b>Lacertidae Oppel, 1811</b>					
20	<i>Lacerta</i> s. l. sp. - 1	(Lizard - 1)			M. Böhme – unpubl. data
21	<i>Lacerta</i> s.l. sp. - 2	(Lizard - 2)			M. Böhme – unpubl. data
<b>Anguidae Gray, 1825</b>					
22	<i>Anguis fragilis</i> Linnaeus, 1758	Slow Worm		+	M. Böhme – unpubl. data
23	<i>Pseudopus</i> aff. <i>apodus</i> (Pallas, 1775)	European glass lizard		+	M. Böhme – unpubl. data
<b>Colubridae Oppel, 1811</b>					
24	Colubrinae sp. - 1	(Rat snakes / etc. - 1)			M. Böhme – unpubl. data

25	Colubrinae sp. - 2	(Rat snakes/ etc. - 2)			M. Böhme – unpubl. data
<b>Natricinae Bonaparte, 1838</b>					
26	Natricinae sp.	(European grass snakes etc.)			M. Böhme – unpubl. data
<b>Viperidae Oppel, 1811</b>					
27	Viperidae sp.	(Vipers)		+	M. Böhme – unpubl. data
<b>Boidae Gray, 1825</b>					
28	? Erycinae Bonaparte, 1831 sp.	(Sand boas etc.)		+	M. Böhme – unpubl. data
<b>TESTUDINES Linnaeus, 1758</b>					
<b>Testudinidae Batsch, 1788</b>					
29	<i>Testudo</i> Linnaeus, 1758 sp.	(Tortoises)			M. Böhme – unpubl. data
<b>Emydidae Rafinesque, 1815</b>					
30	<i>Emys</i> Duméril, 1805 sp.	(Pond turtles)			N. Tzankov – unpubl. data
<b>Subtotal: &gt; 1500</b>					
<b>AVIALE Gauthier, 1986</b>					
<b>AVES Linnaeus, 1758</b>					
<b>ANSERIFORMES (Wagler, 1831)</b>					
<b>Anatidae Vigors, 1825</b>					
31	Anatinæ gen.	Dabbling ducks	1		Boev (2007)
<b>ACCIPTRIFORMES Vieillo 1816</b>					
<b>Accipitridae (Vieillot, 1816)</b>					
32	<i>Gyps bochenkii</i> Boev, 2010	Gryffon of Zygmunt Bocheński	6	+	Boev (2010)
33	<i>Aquila kurochkini</i> Boev, 2013b	Eagle of Evgeniy Kurochkin	8	+	Boev (2013b)
34	<i>Circaetus haemusensis</i> Boev, 2015a	Haemus Mountain Snake-eagle	+		Boev (2015a)

35	<i>Buteo</i> sp.	Buzzard	1	+	Boev (2002; 2007)
36	<i>Accipiter</i> sp.	Goshawks/ sparrowhawk	2	+	Boev (1996; 2002; 2007)
37	Accipitridae gen.	(Hawks etc.)	1		Boev (2002; 2007)
<b>FALCONIFORMES (Sharpe, 1874)</b>					
38	<i>Falco bakalovi</i> Boev, 1999a	Falcon of Petar Bakalov	27	+	Boev (1999a; 2011)
<b>GALLIFORMES Temminck 1820</b>					
<b>Tetraonidae Vigors, 1825</b>					
39	<i>Lagopus balcanicus</i> Boev, 1995a	Balkan ptarmigan	41	+	Boev (1994; 1995a)
40	<i>Tetrao partium</i> (Kretzoi, 1962)	Partial grouse	15	+	Boev (1994; 1999b 2002)
41	<i>Tetrao/Lagopus</i>	Grouse/Ptarmigan	3		Boev (1994; 1996; 2002)
<b>Phasianidae Vigors, 1825</b>					
42	<i>Chauvirella balcanica</i> Boev, 1997	Balkan Partridge of Cécile Mourer-Chauvire	1138	+	Boev (1997)
43	cf. <i>Perdix</i> sp.	Grey partridge	13		Boev (1991)
44	Perdicinae gen. indet.	Partridge	1		Boev (2002; 2007)
45	Phasianidae gen. indet.	Phasianid	15		Boev (2007)
<b>GRUIFORMES Coues, 1884</b>					
<b>Rallidae Reichenbach, 1882</b>					
46	<i>Gallinula balcanica</i> Boev, 1999c	Balkan Moorhen	1	+	Boev (1999c)
47	<i>Porzana botunensis</i> Boev, 2015b	Crake of Botunya River	1	+	Boev (2007; 2015b)

<b>Otididae Gratiot 1845</b>						
48	<i>Otis</i> cf. <i>khosatzkii</i>	Khosatzkii's bustard	5		+	Boev (1999d)
49	Otididae gen. indet.	Bustard	2			Boev (1996; 1999d; 2002; 2007)
<b>CHARADRIIFORMES Huxley, 1867</b>						
<b>Scolopacidae Vigors, 1825</b>						
50	<i>Actitis balcanica</i> Boev, 1998a	Balkan sandpiper	1	+	+	Boev (1998a)
51	Charadriiformes fam. indet.	(Waders etc.)	1			Boev (2002; 2007)
<b>COLUMBIFORMES (Latham, 1790)</b>						
<b>Columbidae (Illiger, 1811)</b>						
52	<i>Columba</i> sp. - 1	Wood-pigeon	2		+	Boev (1997; 2002; 2007)
53	<i>Columba</i> sp. - 2	Wood-pigeon	4		+	Boev (1997; 2002; 2007)
54	<i>Streptopelia</i> sp.		3		+	Boev (2002; 2007)
<b>STRIGIFORMES (Wagler, 1830)</b>						
<b>Strigidae Vigors, 1825</b>						
55	<i>Athene</i> sp.	Little owl	1		+	Boev (2002; 2007)
<b>APODIFORMES Peters, 1940</b>						
<b>Apodidae (Hartert, 1897)</b>						
56	<i>Apus baranensis</i> Janossy, 1977		9		+	Boev (2000)
<b>PASSERIFORMES (Linnaeus, 1758)</b>						
<b>Alaudidae (Vigors, 1825)</b>						
57	<i>Alauda xerarvensis</i> Boev, 2012	Dry-field skylark	4	+	+	Boev (2012)
58	<i>Galerida bulgarica</i> Boev, 2012	Bulgarian crested lark	2	+	+	Boev (2012)

59	<i>Eremophila prealpensis</i> Boev, 2012	Pre-Alpine horned lark	2	+	+	Boev (2007; 2012)
60	<i>Lullula balcanica</i> Boev, 2012	Balkan woodlark	1	+	+	Boev (2007; 2012)
61	<i>Melanocorypha donchevi</i> Boev, 2012	Steppe lark of Stefan Donchev	3	+	+	Boev (2007; 2012)
<b>Motacillidae Vigors, 1825</b>						
62	<i>Anthus</i> sp.	Pipit	3		+	Boev (1996; 1997; 2002; 2007)
63	<i>Motacilla</i> sp.	Wagtail	1		+	Boev (1997; 2002; 2007)
<b>Fringillidae Vigors, 1825</b>						
64	<i>Coccothraustes simeonovi</i> Boev, 1998b	Hawfinch of Simeon Simeonov	6	+	+	Boev (1998b)
65	<i>Loxia patevi</i> Boev, 1999e	Crossbill of Pavel Patev	5		+	Boev (1999e)
66	<i>Fringilla</i> cf. <i>coelebs</i>	Common chaffinch	8		+	Boev (1994; 2007)
67	<i>Fringilla</i> sp.	Finch	4			Boev (2007)
68	<i>Carduelis</i> cf. <i>carduelis</i>	European goldfinch	5		+	Boev (2007)
69	<i>Carduelis</i> sp.	Finches/ Linnets/ Serins	7			Boev (1997; 2007)
70	<i>Pyrrhula</i> sp.	Bullfinch				Boev (1997)
71	Fringillidae gen. indet.	Finches	8			Boev (2007)
<b>Paridae Boie, 1826</b>						
72	<i>Parus</i> sp. ex gr. <i>major</i>	Great tit	3		+	Boev (2002; 2007)
73	<i>Parus</i> sp.	Tit	5			Boev (1997; 2002; 2007)
74	Paridae gen.	Tits	1			Boev (2002; 2007)

<b>Sylviidae (Vigors, 1825)</b>						
75	cf. Sylviidae gen.	Old World Warblers	1			Boev (2002; 1997)
<b>Regulidae, Vigors, 1825</b>						
76	<i>Regulus bulgaricus</i> Boev, 1999f	Bulgarian kinglet	1	+	+	Boev (1999f)
<b>Muscicapidae Vigors, 1825</b>						
77	cf. <i>Muscicapa</i> sp.	Flycatcher	1			Boev (1996; 2002; 1997)
<b>Corvidae Vigors, 1825</b>						
78	<i>Pyrrhocorax</i> cf. <i>pyrrhocorax</i>	Red-billed chough	1			Boev (2002; 2007)
79	<i>Pyrrhocorax</i> cf. <i>graculus</i>	Yellow-billed chough	12			Boev (1991; 1994; 2002)
80	<i>Pyrrhocorax</i> sp.	Chough	20			Boev (1996; 2002; 2007)
81	<i>Nucifraga</i> sp.	Nutcracker	1		+	Boev (2002; 2007)
81	<i>Pica</i> sp.	Magpie	14		+	Boev (2002; 2007)
81	<i>Corvus</i> cf. <i>monedula</i>	Western jackdaw	34			Boev (1991; 2002)
84	<i>Corvus</i> sp.	Crow/Rook	4			Boev (1997; 2002)
85	Corvidae gen. indet.	Corvids	3			Boev (2002; 2007)
<b>Sturnidae Vigors, 1825</b>						
86	<i>Sturnus</i> sp.	Starling	3		+	Boev (1994; 1996; 2002; 2007)

<b>Turdidae Bonaparte, 1838</b>						
87	<i>Turdus</i> sp. ex gr. <i>merula</i>	Blackbird	2		+	Boev (2002; 2007)
88	<i>Turdus</i> sp.	Trush	2			Boev (1997; 2002; 2007)
89	<i>Turdus</i> sp. ex gr. <i>philomelos</i>	Song trush	3			Boev (2002; 2007)
90	<i>Turdus</i> cf. <i>iliacus</i>	Redwing	1		+	Boev (2002; 2007)
91	<i>Erithacus</i> sp.	Robin	1		+	Boev (2002; 2007)
92	Turdidae gen. indet.	Trushes	1			Boev (2002; 2007)
<b>Emberizidae Vigors, 1831</b>						
93	<i>Emberiza</i> sp.	Bunting	4		+	Boev (1996; 1997; 2002; 2007)
94	Emberizidae gen. indet.	Buntings	2			Boev (2002; 2007)
	<b>Aves indet.</b>					
95	Oscines fam. indet.	Song birds	7			Boev (2002; 2007)
96	Aves ordo indet.	Birds	156			Boev (2007)
<b>Subtotal: 1589</b>						
<b>MAMMALIA Linnaeus, 1758</b>						
<b>SORICOMORPHA Gregory, 1910</b>						
<b>Soricidae G. Fischer, 1814</b>						
97	<i>Beremendia fissidens</i> (Petersi, 1864)	(Red-toothed shrew)	218		+	Popov (2004b); Rzebik-Kowalska, Popov (2005)

98	<i>Asoriculus gibberodon</i> (Péteryi, 1864)	(Red-toothed shrew)	256	+	Popov (2004b); Rzebik-Kowalska, Popov (2005)
99	<i>Asoriculus kubinyii</i> (Kormos, 1934) <sup>2</sup>	(Red-toothed shrew)		+	Popov (2004b)
100	<i>Petenyia hungarica</i> Kormos, 1934	Hungarian petenyia shrew	>45	+	Popov (2004b); Rzebik-Kowalska, Popov (2005)
101	<i>Majna</i> cf. <i>csarnotensis</i> Reumer, 1984	Csarnota mafia shrew		+	Popov (2004b); Rzebik-Kowalska, Popov (2005)
<b>ERINACEOMORPHA Gregory, 1910</b>					
102	<i>Sorex</i> cf. <i>minutus</i> Linnaeus, 1766	Eurasian pygmy shrew	39	+	Popov (2004b); Rzebik-Kowalska, Popov (2005)
103	<i>Sorex runtonensis</i> Hinton, 1911	Runton's shrew	22	+	Popov (2004b); Rzebik-Kowalska, Popov (2005)
<b>ERINACEIDAE Fischer von Waldheim, 1817</b>					
104	<i>Erihaceus</i> sp.	Hedgehog			Popov (2004a)
105	<i>Erihaceus</i> cf. <i>lechei</i> Kormos, 1934	Leche's hedgehog	9	+	Popov (2004a); Rzebik-Kowalska, Popov (2005)

<sup>2</sup> Recently considered as *Asoriculus gibberodon* (Péteryi, 1864) (Mészáros, L. G. 1999).

**Talpidae Fischer von Waldheim, 1817**

106	<i>Talpa</i> cf. <i>levantis</i> Thomas, 1906	Levant mole	59	Popov (2004a); Rzebik-Kowalska, Popov (2005)
107	<i>Talpa</i> cf. <i>csarmatana</i> Kretzoi, 1959	Csarmota mole	+	Popov (2004a)
108	<i>Talpa</i> sp.	Mole	+	Popov (2004a)
109	<i>Scalopoides</i> cf. <i>copernicii</i> (Skoczen, 1980)	Copernicus' SCALOPINE	4	Popov (2004a); Rzebik-Kowalska, Popov (2005)
110	<i>Quyaria polonica</i> (Skoczen, 1980) <sup>3</sup>	Polish neurotrichus mole	6	Popov (2004a); Rzebik-Kowalska, Popov (2005)
111	<i>Desmana</i> cf. <i>polonica</i> Pashkov et Topachevskyj, 1990	Polish desman	4	Popov (2004a); Rzebik-Kowalska, Popov (2005)

**LAGOMORPHA Brandt, 1855****Leporidae Fischer, 1817**

112	<i>Trischizolagus</i> sp.			Popov (2004b)
-----	---------------------------	--	--	---------------

**CHIROPTERA Blumenbach, 1779**

113	<i>Rhinolophus</i> cf. <i>lissiensis</i> (Mein, 1964)	(Horseshoe bat)	+	Popov (2004b)
114	<i>Rhinolophus</i> ex gr. <i>ferrumequinum</i> (Schreber, 1774)	Greater horseshoe bat	+	Popov (2004b)

**Vespertilionidae Gray, 1821**

115	<i>Vesperilio</i> sp.	(Evening bat)	+	Popov (2004b)
116	<i>Myotis</i> cf. <i>blythii</i> Tomes, 1857	Lesser mouse-eared bat	+	Popov (2004b)

<sup>3</sup> Recently considered as *Neurotrichus polonicus* Skočen, 1980 (Rzebik-Kowalska, B. 2014).

1117	<i>Myotis</i> cf. <i>grundtjernensis</i> Heller, 1936	Estramos mouse-eared bat			+	Popov (2004b)
1118	<i>Myotis estramensis</i> Topal, 1983	Shaub's mouse-eared bat			+	Popov (2004b)
1119	<i>Myotis</i> cf. <i>shaubi</i> Kormos, 1934	Mouse-eared bat			+	Popov (2004b)
120	<i>Myotis</i> cf. <i>exilis</i> Heller, 1936	Mouse-eared bat			+	Popov (2004b)
121	<i>Plecotus</i> cf. <i>crassidens</i> Kormos, 1930	Long-eared bats			+	Popov (2004b)
122	<i>Miniopterus schreibersii</i> (Kuhl, 1819)	Common bent-wing bat				Popov (2004b)

**RODENTIA Bowdich, 1821****Cricetidae J. Fischer, 1817**

123	<i>Cricetus runtonensis</i> (Newton, 1909)	Runton's hamster			+	Popov (2004b)
124	<i>Ungaromys nanus</i> Kormos, 1933	Lesser Hungarian vole			+	Popov (2004b)
125	<i>Clethrionomys primitivus</i> Popov, 2001 <sup>4</sup>	Primitive red-backed vole	547	+	+	Popov (2004b)
126	<i>Cseria opsia</i> Rabeder, 1981	(Cseria vole)	23		+	Popov (2004b)
127	<i>Borsodzia petenyii</i> (Mehely, 1914)	Petenyi's vole	5		+	Popov (2004b)
128	<i>Villanyia exilis</i> Kretzoi, 1956	Slender villany vole			+	Popov (2004b)
129	<i>Villanyia petenyii</i>	Petenyi's villany vole (Villanyi vole)			+	Popov (2004b)
130	<i>Villanyia altisomosa</i>				+	Popov (2004b)
131	<i>Castillomys</i> sp.	(Castile mouse)			+	Popov (2004b)
132	<i>Mimomys phiocenicus</i> Forsyth Major, 1902	Pliocene vole	790		+	Petrov (1992); Popov (2001; 2004b)
133	<i>Mimomys (Pusillumimus) reidi</i> Hinton, 1910	Reid's vole	483		+	Popov (2001; 2004b)
134	<i>Mimomys (Pusillumimus) stenokorys</i> Rabeder, 1981	(Stenokorys vole)	385		+	Petrov (1992; 2001; 2004b)

**Muridae Illiger, 1811**

145	<i>Sylvoaemus dominans</i> Kretzoi, 1959				+	Popov (2004b)
136	<i>Rhagapodemus</i> sp.				+	Popov (2004b)

**Gliridae Muirhead in Brewster, 1819**

137	<i>Myomimus</i> sp.	Mouse-tailed dormouse			+	Popov (2004b)
-----	---------------------	-----------------------	--	--	---	---------------

<sup>4</sup> Recently the genus *Clethrionomys* Tilesius, 1850 is considered as *Myodes* Pallas, 1811 (Musser, Carleton, 2005).



147	<i>Pannonicits ardea</i> (Bravard, 1828)	(Pannonicits mustelid)	1	+	Spassov (1997; 2000); Spassov, Cregut-Bonnoure (1999)
148	<i>Vormela petenii</i> Kretzoi, 1942	Petenyi's marbled polecat	2	+	Spassov (2000; 2001); Spassov, Cregut-Bonnoure (1999)
148	<i>Meles thorai</i> Viret, 1951	Thorai's badger	2	+	Spassov (1997; 2000)
150	<i>Baranogale balcanica</i> Spassov, 2001	Balkan baranogale	+	+	Spassov (2000; 2001)
<b>Hyenaenidae Gray, 1821</b>					
151	<i>Hyenaenidae</i> gen. (non <i>P. brevirostris</i> )	( <i>Hyaena</i> )	3	+	Spassov (2000)
152	<i>Pliocrocuta perrieri</i> (Croizet, Jobert, 1828)	Perrier's hyaena	1	+	Spassov (1997; 2000); Spassov, Cregut-Bonnoure (1999)
<b>Felidae Waldheim, 1817</b>					
153	<i>Lynx issiodorensis issiodorensis</i> (Croizet, Jobert, 1828)	<i>Issoire lynx</i>		+	Spassov (1997; 2000); Spassov, Cregut-Bonnoure (1999)
154	<i>Panthera</i> cf. <i>gombaszognensis</i> [Kretzoi, 1938] <sup>5</sup>	European jaguar		+	

<sup>5</sup> Recently considered as *Panthera onca gombaszognensis* (Kretzoi, 1938) (Moll et al., 2011).

155	<i>Acinonyx pardensis</i> Croizet, Jobert, 1828	Giant cheetah	>4	+	Spassov (1997; 2000; 2011); Spassov, Cregut-Bonnoure (1999)
156	<i>Viretatulurus</i> aff. <i>schaubi</i> (Hemmer, 1964) <sup>6</sup>	Owen's panther	>2	+	Spassov (1997; 2000); Spassov, Cregut-Bonnoure (1999)
157	<i>Megantereon cultidens</i> (Cuvier, 1824)	Long-toothed megantereon	2	+	Boev (2008)
<b>ARTIDACTYLA Owen, 1848</b>					
<b>Cervidae Goldfuss, 1820</b>					
158	cf. <i>Cervus philisi</i> Schaub, 1941 <sup>7</sup>	Philis' deer	>3	+	Spassov (1997; 2000); Spassov, Cregut-Bonnoure (1999)
159	<i>Eudadoceros</i> cf. <i>senezensis</i> <i>senezensis</i> <sup>8</sup> (Deperet, 1910)	(Senez well-branched antler Deer)		+	Popov (2004)
160	<i>Eudadoceros senezensis</i> cf. <i>vireti</i> Heintz, 1970	(Senez well-branched antler deer)	~	+	Spassov (1997; 2000); Spassov, Cregut-Bonnoure (1999)
161	<i>Eucladoceros ctenoides</i>	Well-branched antler			Spassov (2005)
162	Cervidae gen. et sp. indet.	Deers	>2		Spassov (1997; 2000)

<sup>6</sup> Recently considered as *Puma pardoides* (Owen, 1846).

<sup>7</sup> Recently considered as *Metacervoceros rhenanus* (Dubois, 1904).

<sup>8</sup> After Nikolay Spassov (NMNHS) this subspecies is not found in the locality.

<b>Bovidae Gray, 1821</b>					
163	<i>Megalovis</i> aff. <i>latifrons</i> Schaub, 1923	Wide-fronted megalovis	>2	+	Spassov (1997; 2000); Spassov, Cregut- Bonnoue (1999)
164	<i>Gazellospira</i> sp.	Spiral-horned gazella/antelope	1		Spassov (1997); Spassov, Cregut- Bonnoue (1999)
<b>PERISSODACTyla Owen, 1848</b>					
<b>Rhinocerotidae Gray, 1820</b>					
165	cf. <i>Stephanorhinus etruscus</i>	Etruscan rhinoceros			Spassov (2005)
<b>Equidae Gray, 1821</b>					
166	<i>Equus stenonis vireti</i> Prat, 1964	Stenon's horse	>2	+	Spassov (1997; 2000)
					<b>Subtotal: &gt;2976</b>
					<b>Total: &gt;6921</b>

**Table 2.** Habitat distribution of the established taxa from the Early Pleistocene locality near Varshtets.

No	Scientific name	Open-land	Wood-land	Rock	Aquatic
1	<i>Celtis praebalcanica</i>	+			
2	<i>Prunus fruticosa fossilis</i>	+			
3	<i>Crataegus pentagyna fossilis</i>	+			
4	<i>Pyracantha coccinea fossilis</i>	+			
5	<i>Swida sanguinea fossilis</i>	+			
6	Gastropoda terrestria indet. - 1				
7	Gastropoda terrestria indet. - 2				
8	<i>Triturus</i> sp.				+
9	Salamandridae sp. indet.				+
10	<i>Lissotriton</i> sp.				+
11	Palaeobatrachidae sp. indet.				
12	<i>Eopelobates</i> sp.	+			
13	<i>Pelophylax</i> sp.				+
14	<i>Rana temporaria</i>				+
15	<i>Rana</i> cf. <i>graeca</i>				+
16	<i>Bufo</i> cf. <i>bufo</i>			+	
17	<i>Bufo viridis</i> <sup>1</sup>				+
18	<i>Mabuya (Trachylepis</i> cf. <i>aurata</i> )				
19	<i>Mabuya</i> sp.				
20	<i>Lacerta</i> s. l. sp. - 1				
21	<i>Lacerta</i> s.l. sp. - 2				
22	<i>Anguis fragilis</i>			+	
23	<i>Pseudopus</i> aff. <i>apodus</i>	+			
24	Colubrinae sp. - 1				
25	Colubrinae sp. - 2				
26	Natricinae sp.				+
27	Viperidae sp.				
28	? Erycinae		+		
29	<i>Testudo</i> sp.		+		
30	<i>Emys</i> sp.				+
31	Anatiniae gen.				+
32	<i>Gyps bochenskii</i>	+			
33	<i>Aquila kurochkini</i>			+	
34	<i>Circaetus haemusensis</i>	+			
35	<i>Buteo</i> sp.			+	
36	<i>Accipiter</i> sp.			+	
37	Acctpitndae gen.			+	
38	<i>Falco bakalovi</i>	+			
39	<i>Lagopus balcanicus</i>	+			
40	<i>Tetrao partium</i>			+	
41	<i>Tetrao/Lagopus</i>				
42	<i>Chauvireria balcanica</i>	+			
43	cf. <i>Perdix</i> sp.	+			
44	Perdicinae gen. indet.				
45	Phasianidae gen. indet.				
46	<i>Gallinula balcanica</i>				+
47	<i>Porzana botunensis</i>				+
48	<i>Otis</i> cf. <i>khosatzkii</i>	+			

## PALEOBIODIVERSITY

49	Otididae gen. indet.	+				
50	<i>Actitis balcanica</i>					+
51	Charadriiformes fam. indet.					+
52	<i>Columba</i> sp. - 1					
53	<i>Columba</i> sp. - 2					
54	<i>Streptopelia</i> sp.	+				
55	<i>Athene</i> sp.	+				
56	<i>Apus baranensis</i>					+
57	<i>Alauda xerarvensis</i>	+				
58	<i>Galerida bulgarica</i>	+				
59	<i>Eremophila prealpestris</i>	+				
60	<i>Lullula balcanica</i>				+	
61	<i>Melanocorypha donchevi</i>	+				
62	<i>Anthus</i> sp.	+				
63	<i>Motacilla</i> sp.					+
64	<i>Coccothraustes simeonovi</i>				+	
65	<i>Loxia patevi</i>				+	
66	<i>Fringilla</i> cf. <i>coelebs</i>				+	
67	<i>Fringilla</i> sp.				+	
68	<i>Carduelis</i> cf. <i>carduelis</i>	+				
69	<i>Carduelis</i> sp.	+				
70	<i>Pyrrhula</i> sp.				+	
71	Fringillidae gen. indet.					
72	<i>Parus</i> sp. ex gr. <i>major</i>				+	
73	<i>Parus</i> sp.				+	
74	Paridae gen.				+	
75	cf. Sylviidae gen.				+	
76	<i>Regulus bulgaricus</i>				+	
77	cf. <i>Muscicapa</i> sp.				+	
78	<i>Pyrrhocorax</i> cf. <i>pyrrhocorax</i>				+	
79	<i>Pyrrhocorax</i> cf. <i>graculus</i>				+	
80	<i>Pyrrhocorax</i> sp.				+	
81	<i>Nucifraga</i> sp.				+	
82	<i>Pica</i> sp.				+	
83	<i>Corvus</i> cf. <i>monedula</i>	+				
84	<i>Corvus</i> sp.					
85	Corvidae gen. indet.					
86	<i>Sturnus</i> sp.				+	
87	<i>Turdus</i> sp. ex gr. <i>merula</i>				+	
88	<i>Turdus</i> sp.				+	
89	<i>Turdus</i> sp. ex gr. <i>philomelos</i>				+	
90	<i>Turdus</i> cf. <i>iliacus</i>				+	
91	<i>Erithacus</i> sp.				+	
92	Turdidae gen. indet.					
93	<i>Emberiza</i> sp.	+				
94	Emberizidae gen. indet.	+				
95	Oscines fam. indet.					
96	Aves ordo indet.					
97	<i>Beremendia fissidens</i>				+	
98	<i>Asoriculus gibberodon</i>				+	
99	<i>Asoriculus kubinyii</i>				+	
100	<i>Petenya hungarica</i>				+	

101	<i>Mafia</i> cf. <i>csarnotensis</i>		+		
102	<i>Sorex</i> cf. <i>minutus</i>		+		
103	<i>Sorex runtonensis</i>		+		
104	<i>Erinaceus</i> sp.		+		
105	<i>Erinaceus</i> cf. <i>lechei</i>		+		
106	<i>Talpa</i> cf. <i>levantis</i>		+		
107	<i>Talpa</i> cf. <i>csarnotana</i>		+		
108	<i>Talpa</i> sp.		+		
109	<i>Scalopoides</i> cf. <i>copernici</i>				
110	<i>Quyanya polonica</i>				
111	<i>Desmana</i> cf. <i>polonica</i>				+
112	<i>Trischizolagus</i> sp.	+			
113	<i>Rhinolophus</i> cf. <i>lissiensis</i>		+		
114	<i>Rhinolophus</i> ex gr. <i>ferrumequinum</i>			+	
115	<i>Vespertilio</i> sp.	+			
116	<i>Myotis</i> cf. <i>blythii</i>			+	
117	<i>Myotis</i> cf. <i>gundersheimensis</i>			+	
118	<i>Myotis estramontensis</i>			+	
119	<i>Myotis</i> cf. <i>shaubi</i>			+	
120	<i>Myotis</i> cf. <i>exillis</i>			+	
121	<i>Plecotus</i> cf. <i>crassidens</i>			+	
122	<i>Miniopterus schreibersii</i>			+	
123	<i>Cricetus runtonensis</i>	+			
124	<i>Ungaromys nanus</i>	+			
125	<i>Clethrionomys primitivus</i>	+			
126	<i>Cseria opsia</i>	+			
127	<i>Borsodia petenyii</i>	+			
128	<i>Villanyia exilis</i>	+			
129	<i>Villanyia petenyii</i>	+			
130	<i>Villanyia altisomosa</i>	+			
131	<i>Castillomys</i> sp.	+			
132	<i>Mimomys plioacaenicus</i>	+			
133	<i>Mimomys</i> ( <i>Pusillumimus</i> ) <i>reidi</i>	+			
134	<i>Mimomys</i> ( <i>Pusillumimus</i> ) <i>stenokorys</i>	+			
135	<i>Sylvaemus dominans</i>		+		
136	<i>Rhagapodemus</i> sp.				
137	<i>Myomimus</i> sp.		+		
138	<i>Glis minor</i>		+		
139	<i>Glis</i> cf. <i>sackdillingensis</i>		+		
140	<i>Pliospalax compositodontus</i>	+			
141	<i>Canis</i> ex gr. <i>etruscus</i>	+			
142	<i>Vulpes alopecoides</i>	+			
143	<i>Nyctereutes</i> cf. <i>tingi</i>	+			
144	<i>Ursus</i> cf. <i>wenzensis</i>		+		
145	<i>Ursus minimus</i> - <i>U. etruscus</i>		+		
146	<i>Martes wenzensis</i> - <i>M. vetus</i>		+		
147	<i>Pannonictis ardea</i>	+			
148	<i>Vormela petenyii</i>	+			
149	<i>Meles thoralii</i>		+		
150	<i>Baranogale balcanica</i>	+			
151	Hyaenidae gen. (non <i>P. brevirostris</i> )	+			
152	<i>Pliocrocuta perrieri</i>	+			

153	<i>Lynx issiodorensis issiodorensis</i>		+		
154	<i>Panthera cf. gombaszogensis</i>		+		
155	<i>Acinonyx pardinensis</i>	+			
156	<i>Viretailurus aff. schaubi</i>	+			
157	<i>Megantereon cultridens</i>	+			
158	cf. <i>Cervus philisi</i>		+		
159	<i>Eudadoceros cf. senezensis seneszensis</i>		+		
160	<i>Eudadoceros senezensis cf. vireti</i>		+		
161	<i>Eucladoceros ctenoides</i>		+		
162	Cervidae gen. et sp. indet.		+		
163	<i>Megalovis aff. latifrons</i>	+			
164	<i>Gazellospira</i> sp.	+			
165	cf. <i>Stephanorhinus etruscus</i>	+			
166	<i>Equus stenonis vireti</i>	+			
	<b>Total</b>	<b>(59)</b>	<b>(56)</b>	<b>(13)</b>	<b>(15)</b>

<sup>1</sup> At present the scientific name of that species is *Bufotes viridis* (Laurenti, 1768).

## Acknowledgements

The author thanks to Dr. Nikolay Tzankov (NMNHS) for the provided unpublished data.

## References

- Boev, Z. (1991) The paleontological treasure of Varshets. *Priroda i znanie*, 1: 19-20 (in Bulgarian).
- Boev, Z. (1994) Villafranchian birds from Varshets. *Priroda, BAS*, 1: 85-88. (in Bulgarian).
- Boev, Z. (1995a) Middle Villafranchian birds from Varshets (Western Balkan Range - Bulgaria). In: Peters, D. (Ed.). *Acta palaeornithologica*. 3. Symposium SAPE. 5. Internat. Senckenberg-Konferenz 22-26 Juni 1992. - Courier Forschungsinstitut Senckenberg. Frankfurt a. M., 181: 259-269.
- Boev, Z. (1995b) Varshets (Western Stara Planina Mts. - Bulgaria): an example of a Middle Villafranchian forest-steppe ornithocoenosis. - In: Ecosystem Evolution. Internat. Symposium. Moscow, 26-30.09.1995. Abstracts. Paleontol. Inst., RAS. Moscow, 14.
- Boev, Z. (1996) Tertiary Avian Localities of Bulgaria. In: Mlíkovský, J. (Ed.) *Tertiary avian localities of Europe*. Acta universitatis Carolinae Geologica. Univerzita Karlova. Praha, 39 (1995): 541-545.
- Boev, Z. (1997) *Chauvireria balcanica* gen. n., sp. n. (Phasianidae - Galliformes) from the Middle Villafranchian of Western Bulgaria. *Geologica Balcanica*, 27 (3-4): 69-78.
- Boev, Z. (1998a) *Actitis balcanica* sp. n. - a Late Pliocene Sandpiper (Aves: Scolopacidae) from Bulgaria. *Historia naturalis bulgarica*, 9: 71-77.
- Boev, Z. (1998b) Late Pliocene Hawfinches (*Coccothraustes* Brisson, 1760) (Aves: Fringillidae) from Bulgaria. *Historia naturalis bulgarica*, 9: 87-99.
- Boev, Z. (1999a) *Falco bakalovi* sp. n. - a Late Pliocene falcon (Falconidae, Aves) from Varshets (W Bulgaria). *Geologica Balcanica*, 29 (1-2): 131-135.
- Boev, Z. (1999b) On the presence of *Tetrao partium* (Kretzoi, 1962) (Tetraonidae - Galliformes) in the Late Pliocene of Bulgaria. *Historia naturalis bulgarica*, 10: 85-96.
- Boev, Z. (1999c) *Gallinula balcanica* sp. n. (Rallidae: Gruiformes) - a middle villafranchian

- moorhen from Western Bulgaria. *Acta zoologica bulgarica*, 51 (1): 43-48.
- Boev, Z. (1999d) Late Pliocene Bustards (Aves: Otididae) from Western Bulgaria. *Historia naturalis bulgarica*, 10: 97-108.
- Boev, Z. (1999e) Earliest finds of crossbills (genus *Loxia*) (Aves: Fringillidae) from Varshtets (NW Bulgaria). *Geologica Balcanica*, 29 (3-4): 51-57.
- Boev, Z. (1999f) *Regulus bulgaricus* sp. n. - the first fossil Kinglet (Aves: Sylviidae) from the Late Pliocene of Varshtets (W Bulgaria). *Historia naturalis bulgarica*, 10: 109-115.
- Boev, Z. (1999g) Neogene and Quaternary birds (Aves) from Bulgaria. *National Museum of Natural History*, Bulg. Acad. of Sci., Sofia. D. Sci. Thesis. Volume I. Basic Part. 1-243; Volume II. Supplement 1 – Figures, 1-135; Volume II. Supplement 2 – Tables, 1-108.
- Boev, Z. (2000) The Presence of *Apus baranensis* Janossy, 1977, (Aves: Apodidae) in the Late Pliocene of Bulgaria. *Acta zoologica bulgarica*, 52 (2): 43-52.
- Boev, Z. (2002) Neogene avifauna of Bulgaria. In: Zhou, Z., Zhang, F. (Eds.). Proceedings of the 5th Symposium of the Society of Avian Palaeontology and Evolution, Beijing, 01-04.06.2000. Science Press, Beijing, 29-40.
- Boev, Z. (2007) Neogene avifaunas of Bulgaria (a brief review). In: Bakardjieva, N., St. Chankova, B. Krastanov, Sv. Gateva (Compilers). Evolution and Ecology – 2007. Union of the Scientists of Bulgaria. 3rd National Seminar. Proceedings, Sofia, 26-35.
- Boev, Z. (2008) First finds of megantereon discovered in Bulgaria. In: Popov, Al. S. Slavova (Eds.) 2008. Новости – News 2007, BAS, 104-107.
- Boev, Z. (2010) *Gyps bochenkii* sp. n. (Aves: Falconiformes) from the Late Pliocene of Varshtets (NW Bulgaria). *Acta zoologica bulgarica*, 62 (2): 211-242.
- Boev, Z. (2011) New fossil record of the Late Pliocene kestrel (*Falco bakalovi* Boev, 1999) from the type locality in Bulgaria. *Geologica Balcanica*, 40 (1-3): 13-30.
- Boev, Z. (2012) Neogene Larks (Aves: Alaudidae (Vigors, 1825)) from Bulgaria *Acta zoologica bulgarica*, 64 (3), 2012: 295-318.
- Boev, Z. (2013a) Bulgarian paleopark near Varshtets. *Priroda, BAS*. 3:28-33.
- Boev, Z. (2013b) *Aquila kurochkini* sp. n., a New Late Pliocene Eagle (Aves, Accipitriformes) from Varshtets (NW Bulgaria). *Paleontological Journal*, 2013, Vol. 47, No. 11: 1344-1354.
- Boev, Z. (2015a) An Early Pleistocene Snake-eagle (*Circaetus haemusensis* sp. n. - Aves, Accipitriformes) from Varshtets (NW Bulgaria). *Acta zoologica bulgarica*, 67 (1): 127-138.
- Boev, Z. (2015b) *Porzana botunensis* sp. n. - a new Early Pleistocene Crake (Aves: Rallidae) from Bulgaria. *Acta zoologica bulgarica*, 67 (2): 283-290.
- Croitor, R. (2006) Early Pleistocene small-sized deer of Europe. *Hellenic Journal of Geosciences*, vol. 41, 89-117.
- Mészáros, L. G. (1999) An exceptionally rich Soricidae (Mammalia) fauna from the upper Miocene localities of Polgárdi (Hungary). *Annales Universitatis Scientiarum Budapestinensis, Sectio Geologica*, 32, 5-34.
- Moll, D., W. van Logchem, J. de Vos (2011) New record of the European jaguar, *Panthera onca gombaszoegensis* (Kretzoi, 1938), from the Plio-Pleistocene of Langenboom (The Netherlands). *Cainozoic Research*, 8 (1-2), 35-40.
- Musser, G. G. and M. D. Carleton (2005) Superfamily Muroidea. In: Wilson, D. E., D. M. Reeder (eds.). 2005. Mammal Species of the World. A Taxonomic and Geographic Reference. Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore. 894-1531.

- Patamarev, E. (2004) Palaofloristische hemixerophyte Elemente aus dem Villafranchium Bulgariens. In: Flora Tertiaria Mediterranea VI.10 S. 1-19 5 Abb. 1 Taf. Miinchen 2004: 1-18.
- Petrov, I. (1992) Late Pleistocene small mammals (Mammalia – Insectivora, Rodentia) from the karst deposits near the town of Varshtets. Diploma work. Zoology and Anthropology Department. Faculty of Biology. Sofia University “St. Kliment Ohridski”. Sofia, 1-69. (in Bulgarian).
- Popov, V. (2001) Late Pliocene voles (Mammalia: Arvicolidae) from Varshtets (North Bulgaria). *Acta zoologica cracoviensis*. 44 (2): 143-172.
- Popov, V. (2003) Late Pliocene Soricidae (Insectivora, Mammalia) from Varshtets (North Bulgaria). *Acta zoologica cracoviensis*, 46 (1): 43-72.
- Popov, V. (2004a) Late Pliocene Erinaceidae and Talpidae (Mammalia: Insectivora) from Varshtets (North Bulgaria). *Acta zoologica cracoviensis*, 47 (1-2): 61-80.
- Popov, V. (2004b) Mammalian fauna of Bulgaria. In: Peshev, T., D. Peshev, V. Popov, 2004. *Fauna of Bulgaria, Vol. 27 Mammalia*. Academic Publishing House “Marin Drinov”, Sofia, 43-85 (in Bulgarian).
- Rzebik-Kowalska, B. (2014) Review of the Pliocene and Pleistocene Talpidae (Soricomorpha, Mammalia) of Poland. *Palaeontologia Electronica*, Vol. 17, Issue 2;26A; 26p; palaeo-electronica.org/content/2014/778-revision-of-talpidae.
- Rzebik-Kowalska, B., Popov, V. V. (2005) Bulgaria. In: Hoek Ostende, L.W. van den, Doukas, C. S., Reumer, J. W. F. (eds). 2005. *The Fossil Record of the Eurasian Neogene Insectivores (Erinaceomorpha, Soricomorpha, Mammalia)*, Part I. Scripta Geologica Special Issue, 5: 31-35, Leiden, November 2005.
- Spassov, N. (1997) Varshtets and Slivnitsa - new localities of Villafranchian vertebrate fauna from Bulgaria (taxonomic composition, Biostratigraphy and Climatostratigraphy). *Geologica Balcanica*, Sofia, 27 (1-2): 83-90.
- Spassov, N. (2000) The Mammalian Megafauna from the Late Villafranchian Localities Varshtets and Sivnitsa (Bulgaria) and the Biochronology of the Villafrancian in S.-E. Europe. Summary of the Ph. D. Thesis. Specialized Council of Zoology and Ecology. NMNHS, BAS, 1-52 (in Bulgarian).
- Spassov, N. (2001) Zorillas (Carnivora, Mustelidae, Ictonychini) from the Villafranchian of Bulgaria with a description of a new species of *Baranogale* Kormos, 1934. *Geodiversitas*, 23(1): 87-104.
- Spassov, N. (2005) Brief Review of the Pliocene Ungulate Fauna of Bulgaria. In: É. Crégut-Bonnoure (sous la direction de). Les Ongulés holarctiques du Pliocène et du Pleistocène. Quaternaire, hors-série, No 2:201-212.
- Spassov, N. (2011) *Acinonyx pardinensis* (Croizet et Jobert) remains from the Middle Villafranchian locality of Varshtets, Bulgaria and the Plio-Pleistocene history of the cheetahs in Eurasia. In: Morales J., (Ed.) *Memorial Volume to honour Léonard Ginsburg's contribution to palaeontology*. Estudios Geológicos, 67 (2): 245-253.
- Spassov, N., E. Cregut-Bonnoure (1999) Premières données sur les Bovides Villafranchiens de Bulgarie. Comptes Rendus, Acad. Sci. Paris, 328: 493 - 498.

**Author's address:**

ZLATOZAR BOEV

National Museum of Natural History, Bulgarian Academy of Sciences, Tsar Osvoboditel 1, 1000 Sofia, Bulgaria, boev@nmnhs.com; zlatozarboev@gmail.com

**Палеобиоразнообразието на Врачанска планина  
през вилафранка: примерно изследване на ранно-  
плейстоценското находище Вършец (Долно  
Озирово) на фосилна фауна и флора**

ЗЛАТОЗАР БОЕВ

**(Резюме)**

Обобщени са всички данни за фосилната биота, установени в най-богатото палеонтологично находище в България. Представени са данните за общо 166 таксона (ок. 7000 определяеми останки) от висши растения и безгръбначни и гръбначни животни. Анализирано е тяхното значение за палеоекологията на Югоизточна Европа. Установени са: Magnoliophyta (2 разреда, 3 семейства, 5 таксона), Mollusca (1 разред, 2 таксона), Amphibia (2 разреда, 5 семейства, 10 таксона), Reptilia (2 разреда, 8 (9) семейства, 13 таксона), Aves (10 разреда, 22 семейства, 66 таксона), Mammalia (8 разреда, 19 семейства, 70 таксона). Брой на новите за световната наука таксони, описани от находището: 1 вид и 4 подвида дървета и храсти, 17 птици (1 род, 16 вида) и 2 вида бозайници. Съставът доказва доминирането на лесостепен саваноподобен ландшафт в околностите на находището преди около 2,25 млн. г. в условията на по-топъл и по-сух климат от съвременния в района.